

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

1.1	<b>Product identifier used on the label:</b> New Car Solvent
1.2	<b>Other means of identification:</b> Not Applicable
1.3	<b>Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:</b> An automotive exterior solvent to remove stains such as tar deposits, grease and gum. This material should not be used for any other purpose than that recommended without expert advice.
1.4	<b>Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:</b> J.B.Chemical Co., Inc. 14803 S. Spring Street Gardena, CA 90248, USA 310-532-3021 800-522-2468
1.5	<b>Emergency phone numbers:</b> J.B.Chemical Co., Inc.: (310) 532-3021, (800) 522-2468 Monday - Friday, 7:00am - 3:00pm PST Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 - Outside the continental U.S.: (703) 527-3887 24 Hours

## 2.Hazard(s) identification

2.1	<b>Classification of the chemical in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200(d) and GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013:</b> This product is classified as hazardous.  Flammable Liquid Category 3 Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2 Eye Irritation Category 2 Skin Irritation Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (Central Nervous System) Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure Category 2 (Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system)
2.2	<b>Signal word, hazard statement(s), symbol(s) and precautionary statement(s) in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200(f) and GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013:</b>  <b>Signal word:</b> Danger  <b>Hazard statement(s):</b>  ♣ <b>Physical Hazards:</b> H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.  ♣ <b>Health Hazards:</b> H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315: Causes skin irritation. H320: Causes eye irritation. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness (Central Nervous System). H351: Suspected of causing cancer. H373: May cause damage to organs (Auditory system, Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.  ♣ <b>Environmental Hazard:</b> Not determined

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)  
Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

	<b>Symbol(s):</b>
--	-------------------

**Precautionary statement(s):**

**Prevention:**

P102:  
Keep out of reach of children.

P201:  
Obtain special instructions before use.

P202:  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210:  
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P241:  
Use explosion-

<b>2.3</b>	<b>Describe any hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified during the classification process</b> Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.
<b>2.4</b>	<b>Where an ingredient with unknown acute toxicity is used in a mixture at a concentration <math>\geq</math> 1% and the mixture is not classified based on testing of the mixture as a whole, a statement that X% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity is required:</b> Not Applicable

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

### 3.Composition/ information on ingredients

<b>Chemical name</b>	<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>EC No.</b>	<b>Concentration (Wt%)</b>	<b>Classification 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)/ GHS</b>
Solvent naphtha (Petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	265-191-7	15.00- 35.00	Asp Tox.1 H304 Flam Liq.3 H226 Skin Irrit.2 H316 STOT SE3 H336 STOT RE2 H373 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic	64742-96-7	265-200-4	20.00-65.00	Asp Tox.1 H304 Flam Liq.4 H227 Skin Irrit.3 H316 STOT SE3 H336
Mixed Xylenes	1330-20-7	215-535-7	1.00-8.00	Flam Liq.2 H225 Asp Tox.1 H304 Skin Irrit.2 H315 Acute Tox.4 H312 Acute Tox.4 H332 STOT SE3 H336 STOT RE2 H373 Eye Irrit.2 H320
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	202-849-4	0.50-2.00	Flam Liq.2 H225 Asp Tox.1 H304 Skin Irrit.2 H315 Eye Irrit.2 H320 Acute Tox.4 H332 STOT SE3 H336 STOT RE2 H373 Carc.2 H351

### 4.First-aid measures

4.1	<p><b>Description of necessary measures, subdivided according to the different routes of exposure, i.e., inhalation, skin and eye contact, and ingestion.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♣ <b>Inhalation:</b> If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.</li> <li>♣ <b>Skin contact:</b> Clean affected areas with mild soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before reuse or discard. If any irritation persists, seek medical attention.</li> <li>♣ <b>Eye contact:</b> Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If any irritation persists, get medical attention.</li> <li>♣ <b>Ingestion:</b> Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with head down. If possible, do not leave victim unattended. Get medical attention immediately.</li> </ul>
-----	---

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

	Potential for chemical pneumonitis.
4.2	<p><b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:</b> Fever greater than 101° F (38° C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing, irritation of the nose and throat and signs of nervous system depression (e.g. headache, nausea, drowsiness, dizziness, fatigue, visual impairment, difficulty breathing, and loss of coordination). Persistent skin or eye irritation due to contact with the product.</p>
4.3	<p><b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:</b> Fever greater than 101° F (38° C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. Persistent skin or eye irritation due to contact with the product.</p>

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1	<p><b>Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:</b> Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not discharge extinguishing waters into the aquatic environment.</p>
5.2	<p><b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products):</b> Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. The vapor is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.</p>
5.3	<p><b>Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:</b> Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.</p>

## 6. Accidental release measures

6.1	<p><b>Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:</b>  Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapors. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Use appropriate containment (of product and fire-fighting water) to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapor or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.</p>
-----	--

## 6.2 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. U.S. regulations may require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity (refer to Chapter 15) to the National Response Centre at (800) 424-8802. Under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) this material is considered an oil. As such, spills into surface waters must be reported to the National Response Centre at (800) 424-8802. This material is covered by EPA's Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) Petroleum Exclusion. Therefore, releases to the environment may not be reportable under CERCLA.

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

## 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid breathing mists or vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Handle an open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Ventilate work place in such a way that the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is not exceeded. Do not empty into drains. Avoid handling above its flash point otherwise the product will form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixtures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

For small containers, keep out of reach of children. Keep tightly closed and store in a cool and well ventilated area. Store only in approved containers and protect from physical damage. Storage should meet OSHA standards. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to a drum reconditioner. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulation. Do not overheat; product will start boiling if heated above 150°F. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

## 8. Exposure controls/ personal protection

- 8.1 OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL), American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available:  
Component(s):

Chemical name	Type	Exposure Limit values	Source
Naphtha (Petroleum), Medium Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	TWA (vapor, 8 hr)	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm	OSHA Table Z-1

Ethylbenzene CAS No:100-41-4	TWA (vapor, 8 hr.)	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	OSHA Table Z-1
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	TWA(vapor,8 hr)	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	OSHA Table Z-1
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No:64742-96-7	TWA (vapor,8 hr)	1200 mg/m3	EU HSPA for similar solvent.

**8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:** Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

**8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:**

♣ **Eye/face protection:** Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an

♣ exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

shields

♣ **Skin/hand protection:** Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Chemical resistant gloves.

♣ **Respiratory protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements. If applicable, types of respirators to be considered for this material include: half-face air-purifying filter respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates (P95).

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance (physical state, color, etc.):</b>	Liquid, colorless
<b>Odor:</b>	Characteristic
<b>Odor threshold:</b>	Not Determined
<b>pH:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Melting point/freezing point:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Flash point:</b>	>23°C(73.4°F)
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Vapor pressure:</b>	Not Determined

<b>Vapor density:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Relative density:</b>	0.81 at 77°F (Water=1)
<b>Solubility(ies):</b>	Insoluble in water
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Decomposition temperature:</b>	Not Determined
<b>Viscosity:</b>	Not Determined

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>10.1</b>	<b>Reactivity:</b> This material is considered to be non- reactive under normal use conditions.
<b>10.2</b>	<b>Chemical stability:</b> Stable.
<b>10.3</b>	<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b> Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
<b>10.4</b>	<b>Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration):</b> Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
<b>10.5</b>	<b>Incompatible materials:</b> Strong oxidizing agents.

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

<b>10.6</b>	<b>Hazardous decomposition products:</b> Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.
-------------	---

### Description of the various toxicological (health) effects and the available data used to identify those effects, including:

#### 11.1 Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact):

- ♣ **Inhalation:** Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- ♣ **Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- ♣ **Skin contact:** Direct prolonged or repeated contact causes moderate irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.
- ♣ **Eye contact:** Direct contact causes moderate eye irritation with redness and tearing.

**11.2 Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:** Not Determined

**11.3 Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure:** See section 11.1.

**11.4 Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates):** Not determined on the mixture.

#### Acute toxicity

Name (Components)	Route	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50>15415 mg/kg
“	Ingestion	Calculation method	LD50>2525.25 mg/kg
“	Inhalation-vapor (4 hours)	Mouse	LC50>10 mg/l



Naphtha (Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Dermal	Rat	LD50>2000 mg/kg
“	Ingestion	Rat	LD50>5000 mg/kg
“	Inhalation-vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.28 mg/l
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50>1100 mg/kg
“	Ingestion	Rat	LD50>3523 mg/kg
“	Inhalation-vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50>6700 ppm
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7	Dermal	Rat	LD50>2000 mg/kg
“	Ingestion	Rat	LD50>2000 mg/kg
“	Inhalation-vapor (4 hours)	Rat	Low toxicity (Shell)

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name (Components)	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Rabbit (24 hours)	Moderate irritation
Naphtha (Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Rabbit (24 hours)	Moderate irritation
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Rabbit (24 hours)	Moderate irritation
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7		May cause moderate skin irritation (but insufficient to classify).

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name (Components)	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Rabbit (24 hours)	Moderate irritation
Naphtha (Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Rabbit	Mild irritation
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Rabbit	Moderate irritation
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7		Essentially non-irritating to eyes

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Name (Components)	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Human and Animal	Not a sensitizer
Naphtha (Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Human and Animal	Not a sensitizer
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7		No data available

Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7	Human and Animal	Not a sensitizer
--	------------------	------------------

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name (Components)	Route	Value
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Not specified	Negative
Naphtha (Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	In Vitro	No data available
"	In Vivo	No data available
Mixed Xylene	In Vitro	Negative

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

CAS No:1330-20-7		
"	In Vivo	Negative
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
"	In Vivo	Not mutagenic

### Carcinogenicity

Name (Components)	Route	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Not Specified	Not Specified	listed by ACGIH as A3, IARC As B2, CA Prop 65
Naphtha (Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Not Specified	Not Specified	No data available
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7	Dermal	Not Specified	Repeated exposure may cause skin tumor promotion in experimental animals.
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Oral	Mouse	Negative

### Reproductive toxicity

Name (Components)	Route	Species	Value	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Inhalation	Rat	Not Classified	Negative	
Naphtha(Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Oral/Dermal	Rat	Not Classified		
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Inhalation	Rat	Not Classified		
Naphtha(Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7			Not Classified		

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name (components)	Route	Species	Target Organ	Value	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Inhalation		CNS/Respiratory system	STOT SE 3 H335/H336	Not available	
Naphtha(Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Inhalation		Central Nervous System	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	NOAEL Not available	
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Inhalation		CNS/Respiratory system	STOT SE 3 H335/H336		
Naphtha(Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7	Inhalation		Central Nervous System	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	NOAEL Not available	

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name (components)	Route	Species	Target Organ	Value	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Inhalation/Oral	Rat	Auditory system	STOT RE 2 H373		
Naphtha(Petroleum), medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Oral/ Dermal	Rat		Local irritation		
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Inhalation/Oral	Rat	Kidney/Liver/ CNS	STOT RE 2 H373		
Naphtha(Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7		Rat	Kidney	Not considered relevant to humans. Not Classified.		

#### Aspiration Hazard

Name (Components)	Value
Ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4	Aspiration Hazard Toxicity Category 1
Naphtha (Petroleum),medium aliphatic CAS No: 64742-88-7	Aspiration Hazard Toxicity Category 1
Mixed Xylene CAS No:1330-20-7	Aspiration Hazard Toxicity Category 1
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aliphatic CAS No: 64742-96-7	Aspiration Hazard Toxicity Category 1

## 12.Ecological information

12.1	<b>Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):</b> Not determined
12.2	<b>Persistence and degradability:</b> Not determined
12.3	<b>Bioaccumulative potential:</b> Not determined
12.4	<b>Mobility in soil:</b> Not determined
12.5	<b>Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer):</b> Not determined

## 13.Disposal considerations

**13.1 Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging:** Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/ regional/national/international regulations. Do not contaminate any lakes, streams, ponds, or underground water supplies.

**Empty Container Warning:** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

cause injury or death.

## 14. Transport information

Because this product is produced and shipped in several different container sizes, domestically and internationally, please consult your transportation specialist for the proper shipping name and class.

<b>14.1</b>	<b>UN number:</b> 1268
<b>14.2</b>	<b>UN proper shipping name:</b> Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S., (Solvent naphtha, Mixed Xylenes)
<b>14.3</b>	<b>Transport hazard class(es):</b> 3
<b>14.4</b>	<b>Packing group, if applicable:</b> III
<b>14.5</b>	<b>Environmental hazards (e.g., Marine pollutant (Yes/No)):</b> Not determined
<b>14.6</b>	<b>Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):</b> Not determined
<b>14.7</b>	<b>Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises:</b> Not determined

## 15. Regulatory information

15.1

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:**

- ♣ **OSHA Hazard Communication Standard:** This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 (see section 2).
- ♣ **TSCA:** Components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
- ♣ **SARA Title III, Section 302** (Extremely Hazardous Substances): None
- ♣ **SARA Title III, Section 313:** This product contains Mixed Xylenes (CAS No: 1330-20-7  $\leq$ 8.00% by wt.) and Ethylbenzene (CAS No: 100-41-4  $\leq$ 2.00% by wt.).
- ♣ **SARA Title III, Section 311/312 Classifications:**

Fire Hazard: Yes	Pressure Hazard: No	Reactivity Hazard: No
Immediate Hazard: Yes	Delayed Hazard: Yes	
- ♣ **CERCLA Hazardous Substances:** Ethylbenzene (CAS No: 100-41-4 <2.00% by wt. Reportable quantity (RQ) is 1000 lbs.); Mixed Xylenes (CAS No: 1330-20-7  $\leq$  8.00% by wt. Reportable quantity (RQ) is 100 lbs.). Contact local authorities to determine if other reporting requirements apply.
- ♣ **Clean Air Act Section 112(r):** None
- ♣ **Clean Water Act/Oil Pollution Act:** This product is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (40CFR110) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990. Discharge or spills which produce a visible sheen on either surface water or in waterways/sewers which lead to surface water must be reported to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

Benzene (CAS No: 71-43-2) $\leq$ 0.03%
Ethylbenzene (CAS No: 100-41-4) $\leq$ 2.00%
Mixed Xylenes (CAS No: 1330-20-7) $\leq$ 8.00%
Naphthalene (CAS No: 91-20-3) $\leq$ 0.03%
Cumene (CAS No: 98-82-8) $\leq$ 0.03%

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

Toluene (CAS No: 108-88-3)  $\leq$  0.03%

♣ **CA PROP 65:**

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer:

Benzene (CAS No: 71-43-2)  $\leq$  0.03%  
Ethylbenzene (CAS No: 100-41-4)  $\leq$  2.00%  
Naphthalene (CAS No: 91-20-3)  $\leq$  0.03%  
Cumene (CAS No: 98-82-8)  $\leq$  0.03%

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm:

Toluene (CAS No: 108-88-3)  $\leq$  0.03%  
Benzene (CAS No: 71-43-2)  $\leq$  0.03%

**Note:** The regulatory information given above only indicates the principal regulations specifically applicable to the product described in the safety data sheet. The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of additional provisions which complete these regulations. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or provisions.

**Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3:**

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H226:

Flammable liquid and vapor.

H227: Combustible liquid.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H320: Causes eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351:

Suspected of causing cancer.

H373: May cause damage to organs (Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Asp

Tox.1: Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2 or 3: Aquatic Chronic Category 2 or 3

Carc.2: Carcinogenicity Category 2

Eye Irrit.2: Eye Irritation Category 2

Skin Irrit.2 or 3: Skin Irritation Category 2 or 3

STOT SE3 : Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 STOT

RE2 : Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure Category 2

**Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:**

International Agency for Research on Cancer

International Air Transport Association: Dangerous Goods Regulations. International

Maritime Organization: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Components

supplier data

Globally harmonized system of classification and labeling of chemicals (GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

European Chemicals Agency website

EU Registration, Evaluation and Restriction of Chemicals regulation (REACH): Classification and Labeling Inventory

US California Proposition 65

US Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) US

Department of Health & Human Services. National Toxicology Program

US Department of Transport DOT 49 CFR

US National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 704

US National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health (NIOSH) (exposure limits)

US Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard)

US OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000 - Table Z1 (exposure limits)

US Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III Sections 302; 311/312 ; 313 US

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
CAS No - Chemical Abstract System No.  
CERCLA- US Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act COC -  
Cleveland Open Cup (flash and fire point)  
DOT -Department Of Transportation EPA -  
Environmental Protection Agency  
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA -  
International Air Transport Association  
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods code mg/  
m<sup>3</sup> - milligrams per cubic meter  
mg/l - milligrams per liter  
NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
NFPA- US National Fire Protection Association  
NTP - National Toxicology Program  
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL  
- Permissible Exposure Limits  
ppb - Parts Per Billion ppm  
- Parts Per Million  
PMCC - Pensky-Martin Closed Cup (flash point)  
RCRA - EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act  
SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act Title I, II, III SDS -  
Safety Data Sheet  
STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit TCC -  
Tag Closed Cup (flash point) TLV -  
Threshold Limit Value  
TWA - Time Weighted Average Exposure  
< - Less than  
> - More than

**Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulations 29 CFR 1900.1200 and GHS**

**Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013:**

Calculation method: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture.

**LEGAL DISCLAIMER:**

***The information contained in this document is based upon data believed to be reliable at the time of preparing***

SDS No: 4035-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200/REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013)

Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014

***this SDS and relates only to the matters specifically mentioned in this document. Although J.B.Chemical Co. has used reasonable skill and care in the preparation of this information, in the absence of any overriding obligations arising under a specific contract, no representation, warranty (express or implied), or guarantee is made as to the suitability, accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information; nothing in this document shall reduce the user's responsibility to satisfy itself as to the suitability, accuracy, reliability, and completeness of such information for its particular use; there is no warranty against intellectual property infringement; and J.B.Chemical Co. shall not be liable for any loss, damage or injury that may occur from the use of this information. No statement shall be construed as an endorsement of any product or process. For greater certainty, before use of information contained in this document, particularly if the product is used for a purpose or under conditions which are abnormal or not reasonably foreseeable, this information must be reviewed with the supplier of such information. J.B.Chemical Co. also does not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.***

**Prepared by:** J.B.Chemical Regulatory Affairs

**Revision Date:** August 19, 2014

**Preparation date:** August 19, 2014