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1.1	Product identifier used on the label: Polish Wax
1.2	Other means of identification: Not Applicable
1.3	<b>Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on</b> <b>use:</b> An automotive concentrated polish foam and conditioner for use in automatic car wash. This material should not be used for any other purpose than that recommended without expert advice.
1.4	Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party: J.B.Chemical Co., Inc. 14803 S. Spring Street Gardena, CA 90248, USA 310-532-3021 800-522-2468
1.5	Emergency phone numbers: J.B.Chemical Co., Inc.: (310) 532-3021, (800) 522-2468 Monday - Friday, 7:00am - 3:00pm PST
Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 - Outside the continental	I U.S.: (703) 527-3887 24 Hours

# 2.Hazard(s) identification

2.1	Classification of the chemical in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200(d) and GHS Rev.5 <sup>th</sup> e.2013: This product is classified as hazardous. Eye Damage Category 1 Skin Irritation Category 2 Aquatic Acute Toxicity Category 3
2.2	Signal word, hazard statement(s), symbol(s) and precautionary statement(s) in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200(f) and GHS Rev.5 <sup>th</sup> e.2013: Signal word: Danger Hazard statement(s): Physical Hazards: Not Applicable Health Hazards: H318: Causes serious eye damage. H315: Cause skin irritation. Environmental Hazard: H402: Harmful to aquaticlife. Symbol(s):

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1		
1		

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	Precautionary statement(s):
	<ul> <li>Prevention:</li> <li>P102: Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.</li> <li>P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273: Avoid release to the environment. P280: Wear protective gloves/ eye protection. Response:</li> <li>P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.</li> <li>Storage: Not Applicable</li> <li>Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with CERCLA/CWA (Section 311)/SARA Title III</li> </ul>
2.3	Regulations.         Describe any hazards not otherwise classified that have         been identified during the classification process         May cause respiratory irritation.
2.4	Where an ingredient with unknown acute toxicity is used in a mixture at a concentration ≥ 1% and the mixture is not classified based on testing of the mixture as a whole, a statement that X% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity is required: Not Applicable

# 3.Composition/ information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (Wt%)	Classification 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)/GHS
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfo nate	25155-30-0	246-680-4	0.00- 6.00	Acute Tox.4 H302 Acute Tox.4 H312 Eye Irrit.2 H319 Skin Irrit.2 H315 STOT SE3 H335
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16- alkane 68439-57-6 Hydroxy And C14-16- alkene, Sodium Salts	68439-57-6	270-407-8	0.00- 8.00	Skin Irrit.2 H315 Eye Dam.1 H318 Aquatic Acute 2

# 4.First-aid measures

4.1	Description of necessary measures, subdivided according to the different routes of exposure, i.e., inhalation, skin and eye contact, and ingestion.
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	<ul> <li>Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.</li> <li>Skin contact: Clean affected areas with mild soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before reuse or discard. If any irritation persists, seek medical attention.</li> <li>Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.</li> <li>Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with head down. If possible, do not leave victim unattended.</li> </ul>
4.2	Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: Eye and skin irritation.
4.3	Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: Persistent eye and skin irritation.

# 5.Fire-fighting measures

5.1	Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not discharge extinguishing waters into the aquatic environment.
5.2	Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products): Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. The vapor is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.
5.3	Special protective equipment and precautions for fire- fighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

# 6.Accidental release measures

6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures: Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapors. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Use appropriate containment (of product and fire- fighting water) to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapor or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
6.2	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. U.S. regulations may require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity (refer to Chapter 15) to the National Response Centre at (800) 424-8802.

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7.1	Precautions for safe handling: Avoid breathing mists or vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Handle an open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Ventilate work place in such a way that the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is not exceeded. Do not empty into drains. Avoid handling above its flash point otherwise the product will form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixtures.
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

For small containers, keep out of reach of children. Keep tightly closed and store in a cool and well ventilated area. Store only in approved containers and protect from physical damage. Storage should meet OSHA standards. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to a drum reconditioner. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulation. Do not overheat; product will start boiling if heated above 200°F. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

#### OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL), American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available: Component(s):

Chemical name	Туре	Exposure Limit values	Source
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate	TWA (vapor,8 hr)	No data available	

Appropriate engineering controls: Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

**Eye/face protection:** Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields

**Skin/hand protection:** Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile rubber

**Respiratory protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator SDS No: 7001-1

Version: 1.1 (REG\_29 CFR 1910.1200 /REG\_GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013) Date of last Revision: 08/19/2014 selection, use and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements. If applicable, types of respirators to be considered for this material include: half-face air-purifying filter respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates (P95).

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.):	Liquid
Odor:	Fragrant
Odor threshold:	Not Determined
pH:	Not Determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not Applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	>200 °F
Flash point:	Not Applicable
Evaporation rate:	Not Determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not Applicable
Vapor pressure:	Not Determined
Vapor density:	Not Determined
Relative density:	1.01 at 77°F (Water=1)
Solubility(ies):	Miscible in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not Determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not Determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not Determined
Viscosity:	Not Determined

# 10.Stability and reactivity

10.1	<b>Reactivity:</b> This material is considered to be non- reactive under normal use conditions.
10.2	Chemical stability: Stable.
10.3	<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b> Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration): Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
10.5	Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

### **11.Toxicological information**

Description of the various toxicological (health) effects and the available data used to identify those effects, including:

11.1	<ul> <li>Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact):         <ul> <li>Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.</li> <li>Ingestion: May be harmful if ingested. Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. Skin contact: Causes moderate skin irritation. Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: Not Determined Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure: See section 11.1. Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates): Not determined on the mixture.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Name (Components)	Route	Species	Value
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate CAS No: 25155-30-0	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50>2000 mg/m3
"	Ingestion	Rat	LD50>1080 mg/kg
"	Inhalation (Aerosol,4 hours)	Rat	Moderately toxic (Respirable particles)
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16- alkane 68439-57-6 Hydroxy And C14-16- alkene, Sodium Salts	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50>6300 mg/Kg
"	Ingestion	Rat	LD50>2079 mg/kg
"	Inhalation	Rat	LC50> 52-206 mg/ml

#### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name (Components)	Species	Value
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate CAS No: 25155-30-0	Rabbit	Cause moderate skin irritation.
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-alkane 68439-57-6 Hydroxy And C14-16-alkene, Sodium Salts		Cause moderate skin irritation.

#### **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name (Components)	Species	Value
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate	Rabbit	Causes severe eye irritation.
CAS No: 25155-30-0		

Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-alkane	Causes serious eye damage.
68439-57-6	
Hydroxy And C14-16-alkene, Sodium	
Salts	

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Name (Components)	Species	Value			
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate CAS No: 25155-30-0	Guinea pigs (Skin)	Negative			
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-alkane		Negative			

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68439-57-6 Hydroxy And C14-16-alkene, Sodium	
Salts	

#### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name (Components)	Route	Value
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate CAS No: 25155-30-0	In Vivo	Negative
"	In Vitro	Negative
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-alkane 68439-57-6 Hydroxy And C14-16-alkene, Sodium Salts	In Vivo	No data available
"	In Vitro	No data available

## Carcinogenicity

Name (Components)	Route	Species	Value
Sodium	Oral	Rat	Not classified
Dodecylbenzenesulfonate			
CAS No: 25155-30-0			
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-			Not classified by IARC,
			ACGIH, NTP,
alkane 68439-57-6			or OSHA
Hydroxy And C14-16-			
alkene, Sodium Salts			

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Name (Components)	Route	Species	Value	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Sodium Dodecylbenzene sulfonate CAS	Oral	Rat		Not classified	
No: 25155-30-0					

Sulfonic Acids,		Not classified	
C14-16- alkane			
68439-57-6			
Hydroxy And			
C14-16-			
alkene, Sodium			
Salts			

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name (components )	Route	Species	Target Organ	Value	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Sodium Dodecylbenze nesulfonate CAS No: 25155-30-0				No data available		
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16- alkane 68439-57-6 Hydroxy And C14-16- alkene, Sodium Salts					Not classified	

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### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name (components )	Route	Species	Target Organ	Value	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Sodium Dodecylbenze nesulfonate CAS No: 25155-30-0	Oral Dermal	Rodent/ non- rodent	Kidneys/ hematologic Effects/ Growth retardation		NOAEL 85 mg/kg bw/ day	9 months
Sulfonic Acids, C14-16- alkane 68439-57-6 Hydroxy And C14-16- alkene, Sodium Salts					Not Classified	

Aspiration Hazard	
Name (Components)	Value
Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate CAS No: 25155-30-0	No data available

Sulfonic Acids, C14-16-alkane 68439-57-6 Hydroxy And	Not Classified
C14-16-alkene, Sodium Salts	

12. Ecological information	
12.1	Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Not determined
12.2	Persistence and degradability: Not determined
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential: Not determined
12.4	Mobility in soil: Not determined
12.5	Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): Not determined

# **13.Disposal considerations**

<b>Empty Container Warning</b> Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death.	13.1	Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging: Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/ national/international regulations. Do not contaminate any lakes, streams, ponds, or underground water supplies.
		(where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause

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# 14.Transport information

Because this product is produced and shipped in several different container sizes, domestically and internationally, please consult your transportation specialist for the proper shipping name and class.

14.1	UN number: Not Regulated
14.2	UN proper shipping name: Not Regulated

14.3	Transport hazard class(es): Not Regulated
14.4	Packing group, if applicable: Not Regulated
14.5	Environmental hazards (e.g., Marine pollutant (Yes/No)): Not determined
14.6	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Not determined
14.7	Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises: Not determined

# **15.Regulatory information**

15.1	Safety, health and environmental for the product in question:	regulations specific
	OSHA Hazard Communication material is classified as haz with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.12 TSCA: Components of this prod TSCA Inventory. SARA Title III, Section 302 (Ex Substances): None SARA Title III, Section 313: No	zardous in accordance 200 (see section 2). duct are listed on the xtremely Hazardous
	SARA Title III, Section 311/312	2 Classifications:
	Fire Hazard: No	Pressure Hazard:
	No	Reactivity
	Hazard: No	
	Immediate Hazard: Yes No	Delayed Hazard:
	CERCLA Hazardous Substand subject to any special report requirements of the Compre- Response, Compensation at (CERCLA). Contact local at other reporting requirement Clean Air Act Section 112(r): I CLEAN WATER ACT/OIL POL CA PROP 65: WARNING! This product co to the State of California to WARNING! This product co to the State of California to other reproductive harm: No	rting under the ehensive Environmental and Liability Act uthorities to determine if ts apply. None <b>LUTION ACT:</b> None ontains a chemical known cause cancer: None ontains a chemical known cause birth defects or

**Note:** The regulatory information given above only indicates the principal regulations specifically applicable to the product described in the safety data sheet. The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of additional provisions which complete these regulations. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or provisions. SDS No: 7001-1

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Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3:
H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H312: Harmful in contact with skin.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H318: Causes serious eye damage. H319:
Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May
cause respiratory irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Acute
Tox.4: Acute Toxicity Category 4
Eye Irrit./Dam.1 or 2: Eye Irritation/Damage Category 1 or 2 Flam.
Liq.2 or 3 or 4: Flammable Liquid Category 2 or 3 or 4
Skin Corr./Irrit.1 or 2 or 3: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1 or 2 or 3 STOT
SE3: Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:
International Agency for Research on Cancer
International Air Transport Association: Dangerous Goods Regulations. International
Maritime Organization: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Components
supplier data
Globally harmonized system of classification and labeling of chemicals (GHS Rev.5 <sup>th</sup> e.2013)
European Chemicals Agency website
EU Registration, Evaluation and Restriction of Chemicals regulation (REACH): Classification and Labeling Inventory
US California Proposition 65
US Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) US
Department of Health & Human Services. National Toxicology Program
US Department of Transport DOT 49 CFR
US National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 704
US National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health (NIOSH) (exposure limits)
US Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard)
US OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000 - Table Z1 (exposure limits)
US Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III Sections 302; 311/312; 313 US
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)
Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS No
- Chemical Abstract System No.
CERCLA- US Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
COC - Cleveland Open Cup (flash and fire point)
DOT -Department Of Transportation EPA -
Environmental Protection Agency
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA -
International Air Transport Association
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods code mg/
m <sup>3</sup> - milligrams per cubic meter
mg/l - milligrams per liter
NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NFPA- US National Fire Protection Association
NTP - National Toxicology Program
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OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration OEL-Occupational Exposure Limits PEL - Permissible Exposure Limits ppb - Parts Per Billion ppm - Parts Per Million PMCC - Pensky-Martin Closed Cup (flash point) RCRA - EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act Title I, II, III SDS -Safety Data Sheet STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit TCC -Tag Closed Cup (flash point) TLV -Threshold Limit Value TWA - Time Weighted Average Exposure < - Less than > - More than

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulations 29 CFR 1900.1200 and GHS Rev.5<sup>th</sup> e.2013:

Calculation method: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture.

LEGAL DISCLAIMER:

The information contained in this document is based upon data believed to be reliable at the time of preparing this SDS and relates only to the matters specifically mentioned in this document.

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Prepared by: J.B.Chemical Regulatory Affairs

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